

Eosinophil Stain

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Issue date: 6/13/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Eosinophil Stain
Product code : 5555 - all sizes

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only
For professional use only
Restrictions on use : Not for food, drug or household use

1.3. Supplier

Astral Diagnostics
Ethos Biosciences, Inc.
2070 Center Square Road
Logan Township, New Jersey 08085
United States
T +1-856-224-0900; +1-800-441-0366 Technical Service; Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM-5:00 PM, Eastern US Time
www.ethosbiosciences.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) -- 24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3	H331	Toxic if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

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Precautionary statements (GHS US)	<p>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H331 - Toxic if inhaled H370 - Causes damage to organs H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure</p> <p>: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor. P311 - Call a poison center or doctor. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). P330 - Rinse mouth. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.</p>
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2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Conc.	GHS US classification
Methanol	CAS-No.: 67-56-1	≥ 95	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin)	CAS-No.: 56-81-5	≥ 2	Not classified
Eosin Y	CAS-No.: 17372-87-1	≤ 1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Diethylamine hydrochloride	CAS-No.: 660-68-4	≤ 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Methylene Blue	CAS-No.: 61-73-4	≤ 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: None under normal conditions.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

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5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.
Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

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Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Methanol (67-56-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methanol
ACGIH OEL TWA	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	250 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea. Notations: Skin; BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	Methanol
BEI	15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methyl alcohol
OSHA PEL TWA	260 mg/m ³ 200 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:
Protective gloves
Eye protection:
Safety glasses
Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

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Respiratory protection:

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: No data available
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

Methanol

Boiling point	65 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	10 °C (Closed cup, 1013 hPa, EU Method A.9: Flash-Point)
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C (1013 hPa, DIN 51794: Self-ignition temperature, T1)
Vapor pressure	128 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor pressure at 50°C	552 hPa

Eosin Y

Flash point	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable

Diethylamine hydrochloride

Boiling point	320 – 330 °C
Flash point	Not applicable (solid)

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Diethylamine hydrochloride	
Vapor pressure	< 0.01 hPa (20 °C, OECD 104: Vapour Pressure)

Methylene Blue	
Boiling point	No data available in the literature
Flash point	Not applicable (solid)
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available in the literature
Vapor pressure	< 0.01 hPa (25 °C)

glycerol (glycerine, glycerin)	
Boiling point	290 °C (1013 hPa, Decomposition)
Flash point	199 °C (Closed cup, 1013 hPa, ISO 2719: Flash point (Pensky-Martens))
Auto-ignition temperature	≥ 370 °C (T2)
Vapor pressure	< 0.01 hPa (20 °C)

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Inhalation:dust,mist: Toxic if inhaled.

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ATE US (oral)	1208.707 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.524 mg/l/4h
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 – 2769 mg/kg body weight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, 15-35 % aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	128.2 mg/l air (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	1187 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	17100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h
Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
LD50 oral rat	540 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	582 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Skin, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	5700 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	540 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	582 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	5700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
LD50 oral rat	1180 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
ATE US (oral)	1180 mg/kg body weight
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
LD50 oral rat	27200 mg/kg (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 10 day(s))
LD50 dermal	56750 mg/kg (4 day(s), Guinea pig, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.85 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 412, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	27200 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	56750 mg/kg body weight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Methanol (67-56-1)	
pH	No data available in the literature

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Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
pH	4 (1 %)
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
pH	5.5 – 8
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Methanol (67-56-1)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
pH	4 (1 %)
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
pH	5.5 – 8
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Causes damage to organs.
Methanol (67-56-1)	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs.
Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	40 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Eosin Y (17372-87-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (solid)
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1121 mm ² /s (20 °C, Calculated)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: None under normal conditions.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	15400 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	18260 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	22000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
NOEC (chronic)	208 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	446.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas Duration: '28 d'

Eosin Y (17372-87-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	51.3 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)

Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oryzias latipes, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	58.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	50.86 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	341000 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships
NOEC (chronic)	4.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	45 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Literature study, Anhydrous form)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.26 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study, Anhydrous form)

glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	54000 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 10000 mg/l (24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eosinophil Stain	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

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Methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 – 1.12 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O ₂ /g substance

Eosin Y (17372-87-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: no data available.

Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 – 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.77 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

Eosin Y (17372-87-1)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.68 (Estimated value, KOWWIN)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.3 (EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.75 (Estimated value, KOWWIN)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.8 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Methanol (67-56-1)	
Mobility in soil	2.75 Source: HSDB
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	-0.89 – -0.21 (log Koc, Calculated value)

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Methanol (67-56-1)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Eosin Y (17372-87-1)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.024 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.94 (log Koc)
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.901 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.
glycerol (glycerine, glycerin) (56-81-5)	
Surface tension	63 mN/m (20 °C, 1000 g/l)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional waste regulation	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information	: Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1230
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1230
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1230
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1230

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Methanol
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	: METHANOL
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: METHANOL
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Methanol

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 (6.1)

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3, 6.1



TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3 (6.1)

Hazard labels (TDG) : 3, 6.1



IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3 (6.1)

Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3, 6.1



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3 (6.1)

Hazard labels (IATA) : 3, 6.1



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II

Packing group (TDG) : II

Packing group (IMDG) : II

Packing group (IATA) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1230

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1230
TDG Special Provisions	: 43 - Despite section 2.1 of Part 2 (Classification), these dangerous goods are assigned to this classification based on human experience.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 1 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 131

IMDG

Special provision (IMDG)	: 279
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T7
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP2
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
Stowage category (IMDG)	: B
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	: SW2
Flash point (IMDG)	: 12°C c.c.
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Colourless, volatile liquid. Flashpoint: 12°C c.c. Explosive limits: 6% to 36.5%. Miscible with water. Toxic if swallowed; may cause blindness. Avoid skin contact.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 352
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 364

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CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L
Special provision (IATA) : A113
ERG code (IATA) : 3L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

glycerol (glycerine, glycerin)	CAS-No. 56-81-5	≥ 2%
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Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1	≥ 95%
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Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Eosin Y (17372-87-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Diethylamine hydrochloride (660-68-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Methylene Blue (61-73-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Eosin Y (17372-87-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

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Methylene Blue (61-73-4)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
Methanol(67-56-1)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H370	Causes damage to organs
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard

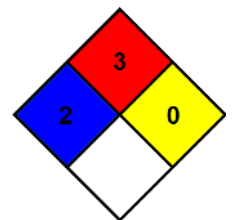
: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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