

# Jessner's Solution

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations  
 Issue date: 5/21/2024 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
 Product name : Jessner's Solution  
 Product code : 3385 - all sizes

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only  
 For professional use only  
 Restrictions on use : Not for food, drug or household use

#### 1.3. Supplier

Astral Diagnostics  
 Ethos Biosciences, Inc.  
 2070 Center Square Road  
 Logan Township, New Jersey 08085  
 United States  
 T +1-856-224-0900; +1-800-441-0366 Technical Service; Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM-5:00 PM, Eastern US Time  
[www.ethosbiosciences.com](http://www.ethosbiosciences.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) -- 24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture


##### GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Category 2	H401	Toxic to aquatic life

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) : 

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
 H315 - Causes skin irritation  
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
 H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
 H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
 P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

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P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Conc.	GHS US classification
ethanol	CAS-No.: 64-17-5	≤ 81.7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
lactic acid	CAS-No.: 50-21-5	> 13	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
2-propanol	CAS-No.: 67-63-0	4.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
salicylic acid	CAS-No.: 69-72-7	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318

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Name	Product identifier	Conc.	GHS US classification
resorcinol	CAS-No.: 108-46-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Serious damage to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: None under normal conditions.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Toxic fumes may be released.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
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### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.
- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.
- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.
- Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### ethanol (64-17-5)

#### USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

Local name	Ethanol
ACGIH OEL STEL	1000 ppm

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ethanol (64-17-5)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)
OSHA PEL TWA	1900 mg/m³
	1000 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
2-propanol (67-63-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	400 ppm
resorcinol (108-46-3)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	20 ppm

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.  
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

<b>Hand protection:</b>
Protective gloves
<b>Eye protection:</b>
Safety glasses
<b>Skin and body protection:</b>
Wear suitable protective clothing
<b>Respiratory protection:</b>
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: colorless to slightly yellow
Odor	: Alcohol odour
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

ethanol	
Boiling point	78 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	13 °C (Closed cup, 1013.25 hPa)
Auto-ignition temperature	363 – 425 °C (1013.25 hPa, T2)
Vapor pressure	57 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor pressure at 50°C	300 hPa

2-propanol	
Boiling point	83 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	12 °C (Closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	399 °C (T2)
Vapor pressure	44 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor pressure at 50°C	236 hPa (Antoine equation)

salicylic acid	
Boiling point	256 °C
Flash point	Not applicable (solid)
Auto-ignition temperature	549 °C (T1)
Vapor pressure	< 0.01 hPa (25 °C)

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lactic acid	
Boiling point	122 °C (20 hPa, Anhydrous form)
Flash point	Not quantifiable, ISO 3679: Flash point (Equilibrium method)
Auto-ignition temperature	400 °C (Aqueous solution, 1011 - 1019 hPa, EU Method A.15: Auto-ignition Temperature (liquids and gases), T2)
Vapor pressure	0.04 hPa (20 °C)

resorcinol	
Boiling point	278 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	127 °C (Closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	608 °C (T1)
Vapor pressure	< 0.01 hPa (25 °C)

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10470 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))

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<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
LD50 oral	8300 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	124.7 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	8300 mg/kg body weight
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	16400 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	5840 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	12890400 mg/kg body weight
<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	891 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 0.9 mg/l (1 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	891 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h
<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3543 – 4936 mg/kg body weight (EPA OPP 81-1: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (EPA OPP 81-2, 24 h, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Isomer, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 7.94 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Isomer, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	3543 mg/kg body weight
<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	510 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	2830 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	510 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2830 mg/kg body weight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
pH	7 (789 g/l, 20 °C)



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<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
pH	4.5 (10 %)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
pH	7 (789 g/l, 20 °C)
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
pH	4.5 (10 %)
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/male,90 days)	< 9700 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/female,90 days)	> 9400 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Viscosity, kinematic	1.6 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (20 °C)
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
Viscosity, kinematic	2.66 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (25 °C, Estimated value)

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salicylic acid (69-72-7)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (solid)
lactic acid (50-21-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available in the literature
resorcinol (108-46-3)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (solid)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Serious damage to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: None under normal conditions.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life.

ethanol (64-17-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	15300 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	275 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 201, Chlorella vulgaris, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
NOEC (chronic)	9.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '9 d'
2-propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9640 – 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
salicylic acid (69-72-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1370 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across, Measured concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	870 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 202, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Experimental value)
lactic acid (50-21-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	130 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	250 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 algae	3.5 g/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, Nominal concentration)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

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<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 – 0.967 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.45 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.9 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.066 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.15 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.0575 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.89 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
<b>12.3. Bioaccumulative potential</b>	
<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.35 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 24 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	1015 (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 117, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

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<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.54 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.8 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>ethanol (64-17-5)</b>	
Surface tension	22.31 mN/m (20 °C, 100 %)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.2 (log Koc, Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
Surface tension	No data available (test not performed)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.185 – 0.541 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

<b>salicylic acid (69-72-7)</b>	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.5 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

<b>lactic acid (50-21-5)</b>	
Surface tension	70.7 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	< 1.32 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

<b>resorcinol (108-46-3)</b>	
Surface tension	72 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.02 (log Koc, Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

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Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Seepage disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information	: Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

#### 14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1170
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1170
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1170
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1170

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Ethanol solutions
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	: ETHANOL SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Ethanol solution

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

##### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 3
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3



##### TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG)	: 3
Hazard labels (TDG)	: 3



##### IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG)	: 3
Hazard labels (IMDG)	: 3



##### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA)	: 3
Hazard labels (IATA)	: 3



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### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT)	: II
Packing group (TDG)	: II
Packing group (IMDG)	: II
Packing group (IATA)	: II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information	: No supplementary information available.
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### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### DOT

UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1170
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 24 - Alcoholic beverages containing more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group II. Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24 percent but not more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group III. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 4b;150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

#### TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1170
TDG Special Provisions	: 150 - An approved ERAP is required for the dangerous goods referred to in paragraph 7.2(1)(f) of Part 7 (Emergency Response Assistance Plan).
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 5 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 127

#### IMDG

Special provision (IMDG)	: 144
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP1
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
Stowage category (IMDG)	: A
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Colourless, volatile liquids. Pure ETHANOL: flashpoint 13°C c.c. Explosive limits: 3.3% to 19%. Miscible with water.

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### IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 353
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 60L
Special provision (IATA)	: A3, A58, A180
ERG code (IATA)	: 3L

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

ethanol	CAS-No. 64-17-5	≤ 81.7%
salicylic acid	CAS-No. 69-72-7	< 1%
lactic acid	CAS-No. 50-21-5	> 13%
resorcinol	CAS-No. 108-46-3	< 1%

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

2-propanol	CAS-No. 67-63-0	4.3%
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### 2-propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

#### 2-propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Component	State or local regulations
2-propanol(67-63-0)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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### SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard

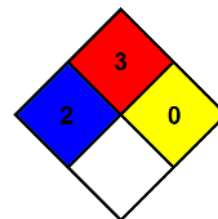
: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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