

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 22 DEC 2022

	Revision Date: 22 DEC 2022
SECTION 1: Identification	on
1.1. Identification	
Product name	: B-5 Fixative, Substitute
Product code	: 3348-32
1.2. Recommended use	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	: Laboratory Reagent
Restrictions on use	: Laboratory use only
t a Oursellan	
1.3.SupplierAstral Diagnostics Inc.	
Logan Township NJ 08085 - Un T +1 856 224 0900	nited States e; Monday-Friday: 8:00AM-5:00 PM, Eastern US Time
1.4. Emergency telephor	ne number
Emergency number	: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) 24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) id	dentification
2.1. Classification of the	substance or mixture
GHS-US classification	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Skin sensitization, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (sin Carcinogenity Category 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction
2.2. GHS Label elements	s, including precautionary statements
GHS-US labeling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: Danger : H302 - Harmful if swallowed H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H350 - May cause cancer H370 - Causes damage to organs H401 - Toxic to aquatic life
Precautionary statements (GHS-	US) : P203 - Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264+P265 - Wash hands exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. P270 - Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation: Wear respiratory protection.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301+P316 - IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P354+P338 - IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P316 - If exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P333+P317 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

- P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish
- P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	GHS-US classification
potassium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1310-58-3	< 0.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	< 2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
methylene blue	(CAS No) 61-73-4	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (Tris Base)	(CAS No) 77-86-1	< 0.5	Not classified
water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	> 90	Not classified
zinc sulfate	(CAS No) 7446-20-0	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
maleic acid	(CAS No) 110-16-7	< 0.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
methylene blue	(CAS No) 61-73-4	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
formaldehyde	(CAS №) 50-00-0	7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:vapor), H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measure	5
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after inhalation	 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and e	effects (acute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact	 Causes damage to organs (optic nerve). Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health has Harmful in contact with skin. May cause slight irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion Chronic symptoms	 Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material may result in serious health hazard. Blurred vision. Visual disturbances.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Hospitalize at once.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures			
5.1.	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media		
Suitable	extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.	
Unsuitab	le extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.	
5.2.	Specific hazards arising from the che	mical	
Fire hazard		: Combustible liquid and vapor.	
Explosio	n hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.	
5.3.	Special protective equipment and pre-	cautions for fire-fighters	
Firefighti	ng instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.	
Protectio	n during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protectiv	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smok	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment	: Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves. Face-shield. Combined gas/dust mask with filter type A/P3.	
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.	
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.	

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
7.1. Precautions for safe handling			
Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.		
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray.		
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includin	g any incompatibilities		
Technical measures	: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/ equipment.		
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources, Ignition sources, incompatible materials. Keep container tightly closed.		
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.		
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	260 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	250 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	325 mg/m ³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
NIOSH	Remark (NIOSH)	Skin
Potassium Hydrox	ide (1310-58-3)	`
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (Potassium hydroxide; USA; Momentary value; TLV - Adopted Value)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	2 ppm
Formaldehyde (50-	-00-0)	
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m ³)	0.37 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	0.75 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	2 ppm
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	20 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	0.016 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	0.1 ppm 15 min.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation. Material should be handled in a laboratory hood whenever possible.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gas mask/respirator. Gloves. Safety glasses.



Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical splash goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant apron

Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended.

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Color	: Clear, blue	
Odor	: Alcohol, characteristic	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
рН	: ~6	
Melting point	: Not applicable	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.	
Vapor pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative density	: No data available	
Specific gravity / density	: No data available	
Solubility	: Miscible in water	
Log Pow	: No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTI	ON 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1.	Reactivity
No additi	ional information available
10.2.	Chemical stability
Combust	tible liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions
No additi	ional information available
10.4.	Conditions to avoid
Direct su	nlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.
10.5.	Incompatible materials
Strong a	cids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon r	nonoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases or corrosive vapors.
SECTIO	DN 11: Toxicological information
11.1.	Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact
Acute toxicity	: Not classified

Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
LD50 oral rat	333 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 425; Experimental value)	
ATE US (oral)	333 mg/kg body weight	
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	2000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	0.578 mg/l/4h	
Zinc Sulfate, Heptahydrate (7446-20-0)		
LD50 oral rat	1260 mg/kg (Rat)	
ATE US (oral)	1260.000 mg/kg body weight	
Water (7732-18-5)		
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg	
ATE US (oral)	90000.000 mg/kg body weight	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Methanol (67-56-1)			
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; BASF test; Literature study; 1187-2769 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	85 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	64000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)		
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h		
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1)			
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))		
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)		
Maleic Acid (110-16-7)			
ATE US (oral)	500.000 mg/kg body weight		
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)			
LD50 oral rat	1180 mg/kg mg/kg		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation. pH: ~ 6		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage. pH: ~ 6		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified		
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified		
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs (liver, kidneys, central nervous system, optic nerve) (Dermal, oral).		
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified		
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified		
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer by inhalation.		
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.		

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. **Toxicity** Ecology - general : The product may represent a danger to aquatic organisms. Methanol (67-56-1) LC50 fish 1 15400 mg/l (LC50; EPA 660/3 - 75/009; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value) > 10000 mg/l (EC50; DIN 38412-11; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; EC50 Daphnia 1 Experimental value) LC50 fish 2 10800 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri) Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3) LC50 fish 2 80 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Gambusia affinis; Static system; Fresh water) Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1) > 980 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static EC50 Daphnia 1 system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP) Zinc Sulfate (7446-20-0) LC50 fish 2 4.6 ppm (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri) EC50 Daphnia 2 0.56 mg/l (EC50; 48 h) Threshold limit algae 1 .05 - .36,EC50; 72 h Formaldehyde (50-00-0) LC50 fish 1 41 mg/l (LC50; 96 h) EC50 Daphnia 1 14.7 mg/l (EC50; 24 h) EC50 Daphnia 2 2 mg/l

2.5 mg/l (EC0; 192 h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Threshold limit algae 1

Methanol (67-56-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	1.5 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.8 (Literature study)	
Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not established.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not established.	
ThOD	Not established.	
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradability in soil: no data available. No test data on mobility of the components available. Photodegradation in the air.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.64 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.06 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	1.068 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.6 (5 days; Literature study)	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Methanol (67-56-1)			
BCF fish 1	< 10 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus)		
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1)			
Log Pow	-2.31 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
Zinc Sulfate (7446-20-0)			
BCF fish 1	59 - 242 (BCF)		
BCF fish 2	59 - 242 (BCF)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable.		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
Log Pow	-0.78 - 0.0		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.		

12.4. Mobility in soil

Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1)			
Log Koc	1.87 (log Koc, QSAR)		
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
Ecology - soil	Toxic to flora.		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)		
Log Koc	Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value		
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.		

SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	ns
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Not regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Maleic Acid (110-16-7)			
Not subject to reporing requirements of the United States SARA Section 313			
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		
Zinc Sulfate (7446-20-0)			
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb		
Water (7732-18-5)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
Potassium Hydroxide (1310-58-3)			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes		Immediate (acute) health hazard	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)		1000 lb	

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1
Formaldehyde	CAS-No. 50-00-0

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Methanol (67-56-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Methylene Blue (61-73-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
Maleic Acid (110-16-7)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (77-86-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Zinc Sulfate (7446-20-0)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Water (7732-18-5)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)	
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List	

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

15.3. US State regulations

WARNING:

This product can expose you to Formaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	No	No	40 µg/day
Methanol (67-56-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

SECTION 16: Other information

Initial date	: 11 DEC 2013
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Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Hazard Rating	
Health	
Flammability	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
	* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Physical	 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)
Personal protection	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.
	: H
	H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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