# astraldiagnostics AFB Decolorizer, Kinyoun

incorporated Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision date: 09 DEC 2022

SECTION 1: Identification	
1.1. Identification	
Product form	: Mixture
Product name	: AFB Decolorizer, Kinyoun
Product code	: 6302-08
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions	on use
Use of the substance/mixture	: For laboratory and manufacturing use only.
Recommended use	: Laboratory chemicals
Restrictions on use	: Not for food, drug or household use
1.3. Supplier	
Astral Diagnostics Inc. Logan Township NJ 08085 - United States T +1 856 224 0900 800-441-0366 Technical Service; Monday-Frida www.ethosbiosciences.com	y: 8:00AM-5:00 PM, Eastern US Time
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) 24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week

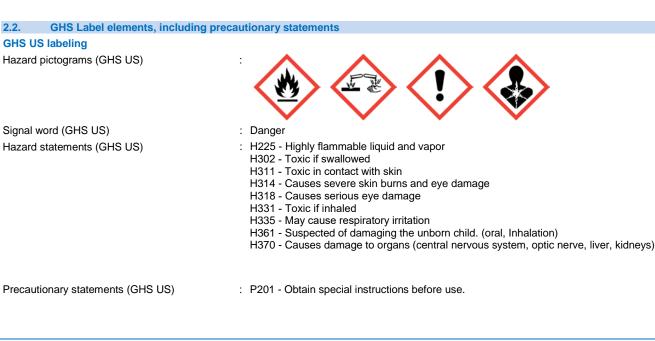
## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 2 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor</li> <li>H311 Toxic in contact with skin</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage</li> </ul>
tract irritation Category 3	H335 May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H370 Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, optic nerve, liver, kidneys)

Full text of H statements : see section 16



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- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from sparks, open flames, heat, hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof ventilating, lighting, electrical equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray.

P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the

: None under normal conditions.

classification

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

## Not applicable

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	> 29	Not classified
Ethanol	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	63	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol)	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Sulfuric Acid	(CAS-No.) 7664-93-9	< 1	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

#### Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

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First-aid	measures after skin contact :	Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid	measures after eye contact :	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid	measures after ingestion :	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
4.2.	Most important symptoms and effects	(acute and delayed)
Potential symptom		Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes (blindness)).
Sympton	ns/effects :	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.
Sympton	ns/effects after inhalation :	Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Sympton	ns/effects after skin contact :	Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Sympton	ns/effects after eye contact :	Blindness. Corrosion of the eye tissue. Visual disturbances.
Sympton	ns/effects after ingestion :	Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.
4.3.	Immediate medical attention and spec	ial treatment, if necessary
Obtain m	edical assistance. Treat symptomatically.	
SECTI	ON 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1.	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishin	g media
Suitable	extinguishing media :	Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitab	le extinguishing media :	Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2.	Specific hazards arising from the cher	nical
Fire haza	ard :	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosio	n hazard :	Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
Hazardo fire	us decomposition products in case of :	Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.
5.3.	Special protective equipment and pred	cautions for fire-fighters
Precautio	onary measures fire :	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep container tightly closed and away from heat, sparks and flame. Stop leak if safe to do so. This product is not to be used under conditions of poor ventilation.
Firefighti	ng instructions :	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protectio	n during firefighting :	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
SECTI	ON 6: Accidental release measu	ires
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equi	pment and emergency procedures
General	measures :	Dike and contain spill. Remove ignition sources.
6.1.1.	For non-emergency personnel	
Protectiv		Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves. Face-shield.
Emerger	icy procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
64.0	For emergency recordere	
6.1.2.	For emergency responders e equipment :	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing mist, Vapors, spray.
		Ventilate area.
-		
6.2.	Environmental precautions	a de sette sur l'un del se tens se secondo en sublita contens. As si desta se sur tentes secondos se sur t
		nuthorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.
6.3.	Methods and material for containment	
For conta		Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
Methods	for cleaning up :	Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.
6.4.	Reference to other sections	

See section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	ng any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Direct sunlight, incompatible materials, Heat sources, Ignition sources. Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products	: Strong oxidizers.

Incompatible materials

: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. **Control parameters**

8.1. Control parameters	
AFB Decolorizer, Kinyoun	
No additional information available	
Water (7732-18-5)	
No additional information available	
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethanol
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Propanol
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	2-PROPANOL
Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek - Notations: B, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
Methanol (67-56-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methanol
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea. Notations: Skin; BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	METHANOL
Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021

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8.2.	Appropriate engineering controls				

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation. Material should be handled in a laboratory hood whenever possible.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

## Personal protective equipment:

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Respiratory protection.

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield

### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended

### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

9.1.Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical state: LiquidColor: ColorlessOdor: Alcohol odorOdor threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableMelting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: 78 °CFlash point: 13 °C	
Color:ColorlessOdor:Alcohol odorOdor threshold:No data availablepH:No data availableMelting point:No data availableFreezing point:No data availableBoiling point:78 °C	
Odor: Alcohol odorOdor threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableMelting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: 78 °C	
Odor threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableMelting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: 78 °C	
pH: No data availableMelting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: 78 °C	
Melting point       : No data available         Freezing point       : No data available         Boiling point       : 78 °C	
Freezing point     : No data available       Boiling point     : 78 °C	
Boiling point : 78 °C	
Flash point : 13 °C	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable.	
Vapor pressure : No data available	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available	
Relative density : No data available	
Solubility : Soluble in water.	
Log Pow : No data available	

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: No data available
: No data available
: 3.3-19.0 vol %
: No data available

VOC

10.1.

: 100%

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

### **10.6.** Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological info	ormation
11.1. Information on toxicological	effects
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Harmful if inhaled.
Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	90000 mg/kg body weight
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10740 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	125 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	10740 mg/kg body weight
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63	-0)
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	12882 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Converted value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	5840 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	12882 mg/kg body weight
Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)	
LD50 oral rat	2140 mg/kg body weight (Rat, Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	2140 mg/kg body weight

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Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 – 2769 mg/kg body weight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	128 mg/l air (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)	
Additional information	Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure	: Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, optic nerve, liver, kidneys).

Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)	
STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.	
Methanol (67-56-1)	

STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes (blindness)).
Symptoms/effects	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Blindness. Corrosion of the eye tissue. Visual disturbances.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

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SECTION 12: Ecological informatio	n
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - water	: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)		
LC50 fish 1	42 mg/l (96 h, Gambusia affinis)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	29 mg/l (24 h, Daphnia magna)	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
LC50 fish 1	15300 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)	
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)		
LC50 fish 1	9640 – 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow- through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	18260 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi- static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Water (7732-18-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 – 0.967 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43	
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.4 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 – 1.12 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	1.5 g O₂/g substance	

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## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)		
Log Pow	-2.2 (Estimated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
BCF fish 1	1 (Other, 72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across)	
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)		
Log Pow	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
BCF fish 1	1 – 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Ethanol (64-17-5)		
Surface tension	22.31 mN/m (20 °C, 100 %)	
Log Koc	0.2 (log Koc, Experimental value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)		
Surface tension	No data available (test not performed)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Log Koc	-0.89 – -0.21 (log Koc, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio	ns
13.1. Disposal methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT
Transport document description

UN-No.(DOT)

: UN1170 : Ethanol solutions

- Proper Shipping Name (DOT) Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Packing group (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)
- : 3 Class 3 Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

: UN1170 Ethanol solutions, 3, II

- : II Medium Danger
- : 3 Flammable liquid

202

- DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)
- · 242 : 24 - Alcoholic beverages containing more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) transported as materials in Packing Group II. Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24 percent but not more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group III. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) :4b;150 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only :60 L (49 CFR 175.75) **DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel. Other information : No supplementary information available.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed as Active, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Water	CAS-No. 7732-18-5
Ethanol	CAS-No. 64-17-5
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol)	CAS-No. 67-63-0
Methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol)	CAS-No. 67-63-0
Methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1
Sulfuric Acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9

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Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol) (67-63-0)			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)		
Methanol (67-56-1)	Methanol (67-56-1)		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)		
Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)			
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation		

## 15.2. International regulations

## CANADA

Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Methanol (67-56-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
EU-Regulations		

No additional information available National regulations

No additional information available

## 15.3. US State regulations

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information	
Initial date	: 11 DEC 2013
Revision date	: 09 DEC 2022

### Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H370	Causes damage to organs

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NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.
NFPA fire hazard	<ul> <li>2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.</li> </ul>
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Hazard Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
	* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flammability	<ul> <li>2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F but below 200 F. (Classes II &amp; IIIA)</li> </ul>
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.
Personal protection	: H
	H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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